

Name: _____

Student Number: _____

Formula Sheet

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ Fm}^{-1}$$

$$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ Hm}^{-1}$$

$$c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1} \text{ (speed of light in vacuum)}$$

$$\text{intrinsic impedance of free space} = 377 \Omega$$

Maxwell's equations:

$$\nabla \cdot E = \frac{\rho}{\epsilon} \quad \nabla \cdot B = 0 \quad \nabla \times E = -\mu \frac{\partial H}{\partial t} \quad \nabla \times H = J + \epsilon \frac{\partial E}{\partial t} \quad B = \mu H \quad J = \sigma E$$

$$\text{vector calculus identity: } \nabla \times \nabla \times A = \nabla(\nabla \cdot A) - \nabla^2 A \quad \text{Poynting vector: } S = E \times H \quad S_{av} = \frac{1}{2} \text{Re}\{E \times H^*\}$$

$$\text{Relations for a TEM wave: } k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \quad f\lambda = v \quad v = \frac{\omega}{k} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mu\epsilon}} \quad Z = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\epsilon}}$$

$$\text{Prototype TEM wave for conductor or lossy dielectric: } E = (E_0 e^{-\alpha z} e^{j(\omega t - \beta z)}, 0, 0)$$

$$\text{Good conductor } (\sigma \gg \epsilon\omega): \quad \alpha = \beta = 1/\delta \quad \delta = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\mu\sigma\omega}} \quad Z_m = e^{j\pi/4} \sqrt{\frac{\mu\omega}{\sigma}}$$

$$\text{Poor conductor } (\sigma \ll \epsilon\omega): \quad \beta = \omega\sqrt{\mu\epsilon} \quad \alpha = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\epsilon}} \frac{\sigma}{2} \quad \text{Lossy dielectric } (\epsilon_c = \epsilon e^{-j\phi}): \quad \beta = \omega\sqrt{\mu\epsilon} \quad \alpha = \beta \frac{\phi}{2}$$

$$\text{Characteristic impedance of transmission line: } Z_0 = \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}} \quad \text{voltage reflection coefficient: } \Gamma = \frac{Z_L - Z_0}{Z_L + Z_0}$$

$$\text{Coax cable: } Z_0 = \frac{\ln(b/a)}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\epsilon}} \quad \text{microstrip line: } Z_0 = \frac{a}{W} \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\epsilon}} \quad \text{two-wire line: } Z_0 = \frac{\ln(b/a)}{\pi} \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\epsilon}}$$

$$\text{Snell's law: } n_i \sin \theta_i = n_t \sin \theta_t \quad \text{Brewster angle: } \tan \theta_B = \frac{n_2}{n_1} \quad \text{refractive index: } n = \sqrt{\epsilon_r}$$

$$\text{Macroscopic Ampere's law: } \oint H \cdot dl = I_{\text{enclosed}} \quad \text{Waveguide modes: } \beta^2 = \mu\epsilon\omega^2 - \frac{n^2\pi^2}{a^2} - \frac{m^2\pi^2}{b^2}$$

$$Z_{\text{eff}} = Z_0 \frac{Z_L + jZ_0 \tan(kD)}{Z_0 + jZ_L \tan(kD)} \quad \text{quarter wave: } Z_{\text{eff}} = \frac{Z_0^2}{Z_L} \quad \text{half-wave: } Z_{\text{eff}} = Z_L$$

Fresnel equations:

$$T_{\perp} = \frac{2Z_2 \cos \theta_i}{Z_2 \cos \theta_t + Z_1 \cos \theta_i} \quad T_{\parallel} = \frac{2Z_2 \cos \theta_i}{Z_2 \cos \theta_i + Z_1 \cos \theta_t} \quad R_{\parallel} = \frac{Z_2 \cos \theta_t - Z_1 \cos \theta_i}{Z_2 \cos \theta_t + Z_1 \cos \theta_i} \quad R_{\perp} = \frac{Z_2 \cos \theta_i - Z_1 \cos \theta_t}{Z_2 \cos \theta_i + Z_1 \cos \theta_t}$$