

Course Outline, Telecommunication Circuits, ELEC 4505, Fall 2006

Lectures: Tue, Thur 1:00-2:30, room 518 SA

Labs: Wed, Thur, Fri 8:30, Odd Weeks, Room 4135ME

Marks: Labs 35% Assignments 15% Final 50% (must get at least 35/100 in final exam)
(As per standard practice in Engineering, students will not be allowed to see their final exam.)

Course Objective To learn about the design of communications circuits. In other courses, the block diagrams have been seen, but here, emphasis will be on the actual circuitry which makes up these blocks. Examples of such blocks are tuned amplifiers, mixers, oscillators, phase shifters and detectors. Communications systems considered are wireless transceivers, AM, FM and TV. Use of the PLL will be discussed.

Course Outline	Page
1. Introduction to Telecommunications.	1
Components of a radio systems; noise, distortion impedance matching.	
2. Amplifier Design	16
Tuned amplifiers, class C amplifiers, extension to frequency multipliers.	
3. Mixers and Modulators	38
4. Phase-Locked Loop and Applications	46
Introduction to PLLs and applications such as: synthesizers and FM demodulation.	
5. Oscillators	71
6. Amplitude-Modulated Radio	82
7. Frequency Modulators and Demodulators	87
8. Television Systems	101
Transmission and reception of video and audio; May also discuss high-definition TV, stereo sound.	

Labs

Group size is 2 for all labs, one writeup per group, due one week after scheduled lab day, 4:30 PM.

1. Tuned Amplifiers (Simulation Lab) (Sept. 27, 28, 29)	114
Design and simulation of an 8 MHz tuned amplifier, built with a bipolar transistor and passive components. You will learn about use of transistor parameters, tuned circuits, noise figure and impedance matching.	
2. Mixers and Modulators (Hardware Lab) (October 11, 12, 13)	124
Use of an analog multiplier on an IC to build frequency changers.	
3. Phase-Locked Loops (Hardware Lab) (October 25, 26, 27 and Novemer 8, 9, 10)	138
Use of a commercially available package to build a tracking filter, a synthesizer and an FM demodulator. The IC contains a voltage-controlled oscillator a phase detector, and amplifiers. In this lab, the VCO and phase detector will be characterized, then a complete phased-lock loop will be built. The main external components will consist of a simple loop filter and a divider to realize the synthesizer.	

References

Smith, *Modern Communication Circuits 2nd Ed.*, McGraw-Hill 1998, TK6553.S5595

Hagen, *Radio Frequency Circuit Design*, Cambridge Press, 1997, TK

Krauss, Bostonian, Raab, *Solid State Radio Engineering*, Wiley 1980, TK6553.K73

Plett, Rogers, *Radio Frequency Integrated Circuit Design*, Artech House, 2003, TK7874

Van der Puije, *Telecommunication Circuit Design*, Wiley 1992, TK5103.V

Sedra, Smith - (for intro to tuned amplifiers, oscillators)

Stremler, *Introduction to Communication Systems* (or other intro texts)

Signetics, *Linear Data Manual Volume 1: Communications* 1987