

Telecommunication Circuits, 97.455, Fall 2001

Lectures: Tue 11:30, Wed 13:30, Fri 12:30

Labs: Wed, Thur, Fri 8:30, Odd Weeks, Room 4125ME

Marks: Labs 35% Assignments 15% Final 50% (must get at least 35/100 in final exam)
(Deferred exams will be harder, because of extra studying time.)

Course Objective To learn about the design of communications circuits. In other courses, the block diagrams have been seen, but here, emphasis will be on the actual circuitry which makes up these blocks. Examples of such blocks are tuned amplifiers, mixers, oscillators, phase shifters and detectors. Communications systems considered are wireless transceivers, AM, FM and TV. Use of the PLL will be discussed.

<u>Course Outline</u>	<u>Page</u>
1. Introduction to Telecommunications. Components of a radio systems; noise, distortion impedance matching.	1
2. Amplifier Design Tuned amplifiers, class C amplifiers, extension to frequency multipliers.	16
3. Mixers and Modulators	34
4. Phase-Locked Loop and Applications Introduction to PLLs and applications such as: synthesizers and FM demodulation.	41
5. Oscillators	66
6. Amplitude-Modulated Radio	77
7. Frequency Modulators and Demodulators	82
8. Television Systems Transmission and reception of video and audio; May also discuss high-definition TV, stereo sound.	95

Labs

Group size: Simulation - 1, Hardware - 2, one writeup per group, due one week after scheduled lab day, 4:30 PM.

- 1. Tuned Amplifiers (Simulation Lab)** (Sept. 26, 27, 28) **109**
Use of a bipolar transistor and some passive components to build a tuned amplifier operating at 5.4 MHz. You will learn about use of transistor parameters, tuned circuits and impedance matching.
- 2. Mixers and Modulators (TBD Hardware or Simulation)** (October 10, 11, 12) **119**
Use of an analog multiplier on an IC to build frequency changers.
- 3. Phase-Locked Loops (Hardware Lab)** (October 24, 25, 26 and November 7, 8, 9) **133**
Use of a commercially available package to build a tracking filter, a synthesizer and an FM demodulator. The IC contains a voltage-controlled oscillator a phase detector, and amplifiers. In this lab, the VCO and phase detector will be characterized, then a complete phase-locked loop will be built. The main external components will consist of a simple loop filter and a divider to realize the synthesizer.

References

- Smith, *Modern Communication Circuits 2nd Ed.*, McGraw-Hill 1998, TK6553.S5595
Hagen, *Radio Frequency Circuit Design*, Cambridge Press, 1997, TK
Krauss, Bostonian, Raab, *Solid State Radio Engineering*, Wiley 1980, TK6553.K73
Van der Puije, *Telecommunication Circuit Design*, Wiley 1992, TK5103.V
Sinnema, McPherson, *Electronic Communications*, Prentice-Hall 1991, TK5101.S537
Sedra, Smith - (for intro to tuned amplifiers, oscillators)
Stremmler, *Introduction to Communication Systems* (or other intro texts)
Sigetics, *Linear Data Manual Volume 1: Communications* 1987